

THE
SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

Monday, November 8th, 1742. [Numb 450]

L O N D O N, August 12.

THEY write from Moscow, that the Court received the News of the taking of Fredericksham with the greatest Joy imaginable, inasmuch as all the Business was done without Effusion of Blood; for, if the Swedes had maintain'd their Ground, a most bloody Battle would have been the Consequence; because, before the Russian Army could come near the Town, they wou'd have been under a Necessity, of forcing Intrenchments made amongst Rocks, Mountains and Woods, and covered with great Piles of Trees cut down for that Purpose, all which render'd them almost impregnable: Moreover the Passage on that side is so narrow, that six Men can scarce march abreast.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleas'd to appoint Capt. Callis (who was Captain of the Fireship that burnt the Five Gallies in the Straights) for his eminent Services, to be Captain of the Assistance, a Fifty-gun Ship.

His Majesty's Ship the Gibraltar of 20 Guns, Capt. Fowkes, is ordered Express for Jamaica, and is sail'd from the Downs for that Purpose.

August 14. They write from Genoa, That the Spaniards were retiring with the utmost Precipitation, That they had left all the sick behind them, with Part of their Artillery and Baggage, and that they deserted in great Numbers; That one Night in particular, being a very bad Weather, there were no less than between Two and Three Thousand deserted in a Body to the King of Sardinia.

August 17. We have Advice from Paris, That the Court has sent Orders to the Intendants of Provence and Dauphiny to watch all Strangers narrowly that come into those Two Provinces, and enquire into the Reasons of their coming.

Samuel Batters, indicted for the Murder of James Radford on board the Ship Caesar at Carolina, is ordered to be sent thither to receive his Trial.

August 19. The Regency of Hanover have lately taken 8000 Danes into Pay, and by the vigorous Preparations for War in that Electorate, it is evident. That something of great Importance will shortly be undertaken.

His Prussian Majesty has ordered 15,000 Men to march into Bohemia out of Silesia, as

soon as the Army under the Marshal Malletbois approaches the Frontiers of that Kingdom.

It is said some extraordinary Orders were dispatched on Monday last to Admiral Boscawen in the Mediterranean.

Some Letters from Paris mention, That Expresses are frequently dispatched from Versailles to their Ministers at London, Madrid, and the Hague; and also to Brest and Toulon; at which Ports they were using the utmost Diligence to prepare their Fleets to put to Sea on the first Notice.

August 21. A few Days ago a large Spanish Privateer of 14 Carriage and 10 Swivel Guns, and 150 Men, was drove on the Sands in Yarmouth-Roads; soon after which she was seen by a Fishing Vessel. The Spaniards made a Signal of Distress, but the Fishermen suspecting what she was, did not care to come to their Assistance; on which the Spaniards fired a shot at her, but the Fishermen crowded Sail, and got off; and meeting with a Man of War, informed them of their Suspicion, who went and took her, and Yesterday she was brought up the River to Blackwall.

Letters from Revel, dated August 10 say, That the Swedish Army, consisting of 25,000 Men, was retired to Abo in great Confusion; That this precipitate Retreat had cost them upwards of 10,000 Men; That Two Finland Regiments had surrendered Prisoners of War; That the States of Finland were resolved to submit to Russia; and That the Russian Fleet had taken Two Swedish Men of War, and carried them into Petersburg.

Some other Letters by the Way of Hamburgh inform us, That the Swedes had quitted Abo and returned into Sweden, leaving Finland entirely to the Russians.

August 26. Some Thousands of Bags for Sand, and other military Implements employed in Sieges, are ordered to be shipped for Flanders directly.

An additional Number of Engineers, Gunners and Matrosses, from Woolwich, are ordered to prepare to embark for Flanders.

Private Letters from Paris say, that Marshal Duke de Noailles was ordered to depart for Flanders, without waiting for his Baggage, to take upon him the Command of the Army.

This Afternoon came Advice, that the Lancelton, Capt. Warren, is sail'd from Portsmouth for her Station at New-York.

August 31. Letters from Toulon say, that the Spanish Squadron there is actually in Readiness to put to Sea; and that all the Sea Officers and Sailors belonging to that Port, are ordered to repair forthwith on board the French Fleet, which they are equipping with all possible Diligence.

London, Sept 7. Letters from Gibraltar advise, that an Algerine has taken and brought in there a Spanish Ship, of 12 large Guns, and 140 Men, bound for Oran, with 80 Soldiers on board.

Whitehall, Sept. 4. By Letters of the 20th of August, receiv'd the 2d Instant from Edward Allen, Esq; his Majesty's Consul at Naples; to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, there is Advice, that on Sunday Morning, the 19th of August, a Squadron of his Majesty's Ships, consisting of the Ipswich, Capt. William Martin, Commodore; the Panther, Capt. Gideon; the Oxford, Capt. Pawlett; the Doverham, Cap. Hughs; and the Dursley Galley, Capt. De l'Angle, four Bomb Vessels and four Tenders, appear'd in the Bay of Naples; and some Hours before they came to an Anchor before the Town (which was about four in o'Clock in the Afternoon) the Duke of Montcallegre sent to his Majesty's Consul, to desire him to go aboard the Commodore, to know whether they came as Friends or as Enemies, the Appearance seeming, as he said, hostile, but his Sicilian Majesty would be glad to receive them as Friends, desiring nothing more than the Amity of his Britannick Majesty. The Consul, upon that, went on board the Commodore, who communicated to him the Purport of the Orders he had receiv'd from Vice Admiral Matthews, and a Message to be deliver'd in the King's Name to his Sicilian Majesty, which was, That his Britannick Majesty, being in Alliance with the Queen of Hungary and the King of Sardinia, and the King of the Two Sicilies having join'd his Forces with those of Spain, in declar'd War with England, to invade the Queen of Hungary's Dominions, contrary to all Treaties, he, the Commodore, was sent to demand, that the King of the Two Sicilies should not only forthwith withdraw his Troops from acting in Conjunction with those of Spain but that his Sicilian Majesty should promise not to give Assistance of any Kind whatever. Capt. De l'Angle, of the Dursley Galley, was charg'd with this Message, and the Commodore desir'd the Consul to accompany the Captain to be his Interpreter. They went to the Secretary's Office at Five o'Clock. The King was then at Church, and was not to return till Six. But the Duke of Montcallegre receiv'd the Message, and told them that when the King return'd he would give the Answer. Accordingly, at Eight, the Duke of Montcallegre came down from the King in Council, and told them the Demand would be comply'd with, and in Writing, as required; but desir'd to have some Answer also in Writing, importing, that upon the said Compliance no Hostilities should be committed on their Side. They then return'd on board with General Bourke, who was sent from his Sicilian Majesty to desire this of the Commodore; but he said his Orders were absolute, and did not authorize him to give any Answer, but that he expected a Compliance in half an Hour's Time, or at farthest, an Hour, after the Consul and Captain's being on Shore. The Duke of Montcallegre then desir'd that he might insert in his Letter, that upon the Consul and Captain's Assurances by Word of Mouth, that no Hostilities should be committed, his Sicilian Majesty did promise, &c. Capt. De l'Angle desir'd the Consul to tell the Duke, that he apprehended the Commodore would not be satisfy'd with that Condition; upon which the Duke desir'd the Consul to assure the Commodore, that if he objected to it, it should be left out, and that the Substance of the Letter being fully what was requir'd, he hoped it would be sufficient for that Night. It was two Hours past Midnight when the Consul return'd on board, and the Commodore was so far satisfy'd, as to promise he should not commence any Hostilities, upon the Assurances given him by the Consul; that any thing he objected to in the Form would be alter'd; and accordingly in the Morning another Letter was wrote in the exact Words requir'd, and upon the Receipt of it, the Commodore order'd all the Ships to prepare for sailing, and they were under Sail before Night, and out of sight the next Morning, 21st N.S. having been only 24 Hours at Anchor in the Bay. The whole City was in the greatest Alarm and Consternation imaginable during the said Negotiation.

The following is a Translation of the Letter above mentioned, written by the Duke of Montcallegre to Commodore Martin.

Naples, Aug. 20, N.S.

S I R,

THE King had already resolv'd, and given Orders that his Troops, which are join'd with those of Spain, should withdraw, in order to the Defence of his own Dominions. His Majesty commands me to promise you, in his Name, that he will forthwith repeat his Orders, that his Troops, withdrawing from the Roman Kingdom, where they are at present, shall immediately return into this Kingdom, and that he will not, in any Manner whatsoever, either aid or assist those of Spain any more in the present War in Italy.

Sign'd,

The Marquess of Salas,
Duke of Montcallegre

To Captain William Martin, Commander of the English Squadron,

Whitehall, August 31. The Lord Northesk, Captain of his Majesty's Ship the Loo, being on a Cruise off Cape Finistere, and the Parts adjacent, received Intelligence of a small Privateer being at Porto Nova, upon which he stood in there on the 30th of June, but the Privateer discovering him, got higher up the River than the Loo could venture, and it falling calm Lord Northesk was obliged to anchor close by the Towns of Porto Nova and St. Jago, into which he fir'd a few Shot, then landed some Men and dismounted four Guns which were on a Battery at Porto Nova, and set Fire to several Houses at St. Jago. On the Seventh of July, Lord Northesk met with his Majesty's Ship the Deal-Castle, commanded by Capt. Elton, and received Intelligence of some Vessels being at Vigo, they run up the River and anchor'd before the Town, where they made Prizes of four Vessels, two of which they set on Fire being light, and not having Sail on board to bring them out. They fir'd several Shot into the Town, to cover the Boats while they cut away the Vessels, there being a pretty smart Fire at them with small Arms from the Shore. On the 19th of July, upon Intelligence that the Privateer was still about the River of Porto Nova, the Loo run in and anchor'd under the Island of Blydonez, where Lord Northesk put a Lieutenant and sixty Men, with two of the Ship's Six Pounders, into a Sloop taken at Vigo, and sent her up in Quest of the Privateer; the Sloop could see nothing of her, but in her Return chased a Bark on Shore, and set her on Fire; and Lord Northesk landed some Men, and burnt a Village of about 40 Houses.

Mr. Timothy,

Please to insert in your next Gazette, the following Clause of the Charge delivered by Mr. Chief Justice Whitaker, to the Grand Jury, at the last Sessions, as they may be of Publick Service.

THERE is an Act in this Province, For the better curing us from Negro Insurrections, and for encouraging poor People; obliging Persons to keep white Men on their Plantations, in Proportion to their Number of Negro Men.

This beneficial Act, on which the Prosperity as well as the Safety of this Province so much depends, has been on various Pretences endeavoured to be eluded, and the Execution of it unwarrantably discouraged: But, I hope the Magistrates, as they are in Duty bound, will take Care to put this Act carefully and diligently in Execution. Persons who have or shall offend against it are to be legally convicted. If an Error or Mistake happens to be found in the Proceedings, the Offender is not dissolved, nor is it any Reflection on the Magistrate who committed the Error, or ought it to be a Discouragement to him if the Proceedings are set aside, Judgments given in Westminster Hall are every Term set aside for Error, and the learned Judges incur no Blame.

Humanum est Errare.

If an erroneous Proceeding is set aside, this is no Prejudice to a Proceeding that is right. Magistrates are neither to be censured or punished for mere Errors in Judgment.

or Slips or Mistakes in Matter of Form, 'tis Malice, Partiality, and Corruption only that can bring them in Danger.

The Commission of the Peace provides, "That in case of Difficulty arising before the Justices of the Peace, they shall not proceed to give Judgment therein, but in the Presence of one of the Justices of this Court."

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Presentment of the Grand Jury for the Body of the Province aforesaid, at a Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at Charles Town on the 20th Day of October, 1742, before the Honourable Benjamin Whitaker, Esq; Chief Justice.

Imprimis. WE present, as a publick Grievance, the Want of a Law, to prevent and suppress as much as possible, the evil Practice of Horse stealing, so much complained of in this Province. Also, the Want of another Law, to prevent and suppress the like evil Practice of stealing and killing neat Cattle, under the Pretence of hunting and destroying wild Cattle in the Woods.

2dly. We present as a Grievance, the disorderly assembling and caballing of the Negroes in Charles-Town, on the Sabbath Days.

3dly. We present as a Grievance, the Want of a Law, to prevent the hiring out Negro Tradesmen, to the great Discouragement of white Workmen coming into this Province.

4thly. We present as a Grievance, the Butchers in Charles Town, for killing of Cattle on the Sabbath Days.

5thly. We present, with humble Submission, as a Matter worthy the Consideration of the Legislature, the Amendment or farther Explanation of the Patrol Law.

6thly. We present as a Grievance, the non Execution of a Law, entitled, 'an Act for the better securing this Province from Negro Insurrections, and for encouraging of poor People, by employing them in Plantations.

CHARLES TOWN, November 8.

On Wednesday last, his Majesty's Ship the *Sherburn* and Snow the *Hawk* failed for Jamaica, with the Transports and Forces on board which came to the Assistance of this Province.

The same Day his Majesty's Snow the *Spy*, returned from Cape Fear into this Harbour, the Store ship which she convoyed from thence having joined the said Fleet off this Bar.

The same Day also; his Majesty's Ship the *Rye*, returned from her Cruise, having, as we hear, been to far to the Southward as Cape Carnarvon, and not met with any of his Majesty's Enemies.

The next Day, his Majesty's Snow the *Swift*, Captain Bladwell Commander, which returned to this Harbour the 4th of September last, from the late Cruise against the Spaniards under the Command of Captain FRANKLAND, went up to Hobbs, to CAREEN. It is said, there is no Place proper for that Purpose at Cape Fear, where that Snow is stationed.

Yesterday arrived Capt. Murr from Providence. We hear, that he has brought an Express to his Honour the Lieutenant Governor, the Contents of which we cannot yet learn.

By the same Vessel came Advice, of the Arrival of a Man of War from England, at Jamaica, with Orders for Admiral Vernon and General Wentworth.

His Majesty's Ships the *Rose*, Captain Frankland, and *Flamborough*, Captain Haymer, having been careen'd, are come down from Hobbs, and preparing with all Expedition to sail on a Cruise against the Spaniards.

Custom-House CHARLES-TOWN,

Entered Inwards.

Schooner Nancy, Timothy Marr from Providence
Sloop Speedwell, William Child from Philadelphia.

Em red Outwards.

Ship Mercy, James Wright to London
Brigt Mary, John Mason for New-York.
Brigt Loyalty, William Thornton for Barbados
Schooner Rebecca, Robert Anderson for Ditto.

Clear'd for Departure.

Brigt Lively, John Lloyd to North-Carolina.

Advertisements.

TO BE LETT or sold, upon Credit for any reasonable Time, a Plantation containing about 150 Acres of Land, on the Road to *Ashley-Ferry*, about eight Miles from *Charleston*, with a parcel of Plantation Slaves, and a Stock of Cattle.

TO BE SOLD also, a Set of Vanes and Funnels, to prevent the smoking of Chimneys; and whoever has any Concerns with the Subscriber, are desired to come and settle with him on or before the first of January next, he having Occasion to settle all his Affairs before the 31st of December.

DESERTED from Major-General *Wentworth's* Regiment, on the 1st Day of November, 42.

JOHN MUNROW, about five Feet seven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, had on a green Waistcoat.

JOSEPH BAMBOROUGH, about five Feet seven Inches high, a thick squat Man, with large black Eyes.

ALSO deserted from Major-General *Gust's* Regiment, three Grenadiers, viz.

JOHN MONTGOMERY, about five Feet ten Inches high, without shoes, of a brown Complexion, has short curl'd brown Hair and a down Look, aged about Forty Years.

HUGH McLEACH, upwards of five Feet nine Inches high, of a fresh Colour, full faced, has black flint Hair, is an Irishman, aged Twenty-nine Years.

N.B. He was lately whipt, and the Marks must be fresh still.

ROBERT BROMLEY, about five Feet nine Inches high, very strong made and broad shoulder'd, of a swarthy Complexion, mark'd with the small Pox, aged Thirty Years.

Whoever shall apprehend all or either of these Deserters, and bring them to the WORK HOUSE in Charles-Town, there to be detained till further Orders, shall have all reasonable Expences defrayed, and the Sum of TEN POUNDS Gratuity, for the seizing and confining each Person.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor,

ALEX. GORDON, Clerk of the Council.

ON the 9th of December next, at the (formerly) THEATRE, in Charles Town, will be a BALL, HENRY CAMPBELL, Master.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Jonathan Willson, of Porpoise Planter, deceased, are desired to pay off their respective Debts by the first of January next; and those to whom the said Estate stands indebted, are also desired to bring in their Accounts properly attested, unto

John Burnham, Executor.

TO BE LETT, the House in Middle-street where Mr. William Hare liv'd in. Also to be hired by the Year, a handy Mulatto Boy, that used to wait on the late Collector Gadison. Enquire of

Thos & Gutard.

THESE are to give Notice, that on the 20th Day of November Instant, all the real and personal Estate belonging to Captain James Sutherland, late of this Province, deceased, consisting of Lands, Slaves, Household Furniture, &c. will be exposed to Sale, at the Subscriber's House at Hobbs, by

Mary Sutherland, Executrix.

STRAY'D from Stono, near Thomas Wallace's, on the 5th Instant, a tall slim grey Gelding with a black Mane and Tail, branded on the off Buttock GN, formerly belonged to George Nelms. Whoever will bring the said Horse to Mrs Sarah Stanyarne in Charles Town, or to the Subscriber at Whappes on Ashley River, he shall very well rewarded

John Harvey.

N.B. The said Horse went away with a very good Saddle and a new Girth Bridle.

TO BE SOLD in Union-street, by Moses de Mattos, at reasonable Rates, the following Cordials, viz.

CINAMON WATER,

LEMON,

ANNIS SEED,

PERSICOT,

CLOVE,

GENEVA,

ORANGE,

CORIANDER,

AG RUM, SUGAR, and CHOCOLATE.